## **REPORTABLE**

## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

## CIVIL APPELLATE JURISDICTION

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6308 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29319 of 2018)

State of Himachal Pradesh & Ors.

... Appellants

Versus

Kanshi Ram & Ors.

... Respondents

#### WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6309 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29320 of 2018)

#### WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6310 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29327 of 2018)

#### WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6311 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29330 of 2018)

#### WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO. 6312 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29332 of 2018)

## WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6313 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29333 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6314 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29335 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6315 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29336 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6316 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29337 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6317 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29338 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6326 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29350 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6318 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29339 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6319 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29340 of 2018)
WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6320 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29341 of 2018)
WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6321 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29342 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6322 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29344 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6323 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29346 of 2018)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6324 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29347 of 2018)
WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6325 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.29349 of 2018)
WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NOS.6327-6328 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) Nos.10089-10090 of 2019)
WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6331 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.19584 of 2019
@ D.No.22780 of 2019)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6332 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.19587 of 2019

@ D.No.22837 of 2019)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6330 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.18323 of 2019)

WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6329 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.18322 of 2019)

## WITH

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6333 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.19588 of 2019

@ D.No.22850 of 2019)

#### **AND**

CIVIL APPEAL NO.6334 OF 2019
(Arising out of S.L.P.(C) No.19591 of 2019
@ D.No.22851 of 2019)

# JUDGMENT

## R.Subhash Reddy, J.

- 1. Delay condoned.
- 2. Leave granted.
- 3. All these Civil Appeals are filed, aggrieved by the judgment dated 31.07.2017 passed by the High Court of Himachal Pradesh at Shimla in R.F.A.No.202 of 2011 and batch, as such they are heard together and are disposed of by this common judgment.
- 4. There are two sets of appeals in this batch of civil appeals. One set of civil appeals is filed by the State and the other set of civil appeals is filed by the respondents-claimants of the land, for grant of additional interest of 15% per annum on the compensation awarded to them. For the purpose of

disposal we treat the Civil Appeal arising out of S.L.P.(Civil) No.29319 of 2018 as the lead matter.

- 5. The Gram Panchayat, Namhol made a request to the appellants for construction of the road from Namhol to Bahadurpur. In view of the request made by the Gram Panchayat, the appellants have constructed the road from the village Tepra, Sub Tehsil Namhol, District Bilaspur. It is stated that for the above said purpose of construction of road, possession of the land was taken in the year 1988.
- 6. When the possession of the land was taken for construction of the road, some of the owners of the land whose land was utilized for construction of road approached the High Court and filed writ petition in C.W.P.No.735 of 2004 complaining that their land was utilized for public purpose, without acquisition of land in accordance with law. Pursuant to directions issued by the High Court in the aforesaid petition, the appellants have initiated land acquisition proceedings, to acquire 18-15 bighas of land situated at Tepra village. Notification under Section 4(1) of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (for short, 'the Act') was published in the Official

Gazette on 30.7.2005. After completing the necessary formalities the Land Acquisition Officer has passed a common Award dated 08.05.2007 by assessing the market value of the acquired land on the basis of classification of land as under:-

Classification of land	Rate per Bigha
1. Andrali Aval	Rs.61,666.00
2. Andrali Doem	Rs.51,666.00
3. Baharli Aval	Rs.41,666.00
4. Baharli Doem	Rs.20,000.00
5. Khariyater & Banjer	Rs.5,000.00

- 7. Not satisfied with the market rate fixed by the Land Acquisition Officer, respondents-claimants have sought reference under Section 18 of the Act and their claims were referred to the District Court. The Reference Court on the basis of the material placed before it, enhanced the compensation by fixing uniform rate of Rs.7.00 lakhs per bigha, for all categories of land, irrespective of classification, along with other consequential benefits as per the provisions of the Act.
- 8. Aggrieved by the judgment of the Reference Court fixing compensation of Rs.7.00 lakhs per bigha, the appellants have preferred R.F.A.No.202 of 2011 and batch questioning the fixing of the market value of the

acquired land by uniform rate of Rs.7.00 lakhs In the appeals preferred by the State, respondents have preferred cross objections claiming interest from the date of taking possession to the date of publication of Section 4(1) Notification. impugned judgment the High Court of Himachal Pradesh at Shimla by a common judgment dismissed the appeals filed by the State and allowed the cross objections by awarding interest @ 15% per annum on the market value of the land fixed by the Reference Court, from 1.1.1989 till the date of Notification issued under Section 4(1) of the Act i.e. 30.7.2005. Aggrieved by the judgment of the High Court, appellants have filed these appeals. respondents-claimants also preferred The claiming interest by way of damages @ 15% per annum on the total compensation payable to the respondents, not merely on the market value as awarded by the High Court.

- 9. We have heard Sri Abhinav Mukerji learned counsel appearing for the appellants and Sri B.S. Banthia learned counsel appearing for the respondents.
- 10. In this batch of appeals, it is mainly contended by Sri Abhinav Mukerji learned counsel appearing for

the State of Himachal Pradesh, that though a large extent of 18-15 bighas of land was acquired for the purpose of constructing the road, the Reference Court has fixed compensation @ Rs.7.00 lakhs per bigha basing on the sale deed Ex.PW-1/A of small chunk i.e. 1 biswa of land and granted abnormal hike in the market value of the acquired land. It is also brought to our notice that the Ex.PW-1/A dated 24.11.2004 is the land sold by PW-2 Garja Ram to PW-3 Kuldip for a consideration of Rs.50,000/- for one biswa of land. It is submitted that PW-2 Garja Ram is also one of the claimants in the acquisition proceedings. It is submitted by the learned counsel that having regard to total extent of 18-15 bighas of land which was under acquisition, Reference Court should not have relied on Ex.PW-1/A for fixing the compensation @ Rs.7.00 lakhs per bigha. is also submitted that though the appellants have produced a comparable sale under sale deed Ex.'RA' dated 04.05.2001 under which 4-51 bighas of situated in village Dabar Paragana Bahadurpur Tehsil Sadar District Bilaspur was sold but the same was not considered without assigning any valid reasons. also submitted by the learned counsel that the High Court committed an error in awarding damages @ 15% per annum on the market value of land, from the date of taking possession to the date of notification.

On the other hand it is submitted by Sri B.S. Banthia, learned counsel for the respondents that the lands of the respondents-claimants who were all small farmers were taken possession in the year 1988 and they are not paid the market value of their lands by the It is submitted that in absence of any appellants. other comparable sale in the village, the Reference Court and the High Court rightly considered document Ex.PW-1/A and fixed the compensation for the acquired land @ Rs.7.00 lakhs per bigha. It is further submitted that though the land under sale deed Ex.PW-1/A was sold at the rate of Rs.10.00 lakhs per bigha, but the Reference Court after deducting 30% has fixed the market value of the acquired land at Rs.7.00 lakhs per bigha. It is submitted that there is no merit in the appeals preferred by the State. Further it is also contended by the learned counsel for the respondents that the possession of the land in question was taken as early as in the year 1988 and only after directions were issued in the writ petition in C.W.P.No.735 of 2004, Notification under Section 4(1) of the Act was issued on 30.07.2005. It is submitted that the High Court while awarding additional interest @ 15% per annum has committed error in awarding such interest only on the market value of the land fixed by the Reference Court, instead of total compensation payable to the respondents-claimants.

- At the outset it is to be noted that even 12. according to the case of the respondents-claimants possession of the land in question was taken in the year 1988 for constructing the road and only after issued in C.W.P.No.735 directions were Notification under Section 4(1) of the Act came to be issued on 30.07.2005. The Land Acquisition Officer after collecting necessary material, has passed common Award on the basis of the classification of the The Land Acquisition Officer has categorized the land. land into 5 categories of the land Rs.61,666.00 for Andrali Aval, Rs.51,666.00 for Andrali Doem, Rs. 41,666.00 for Baharli Aval, Rs. 20,000.00 for Baharli Doem and Rs.5,000.00 for Khariyater & Banjer.
- 13. Not satisfied by the Award passed by the Land Acquisition Officer, the respondents sought reference

under Section 18 of the Act which was referred to the District Court. The Reference Court has fixed compensation by awarding uniform rate at Rs.7.00 lakhs per bigha based on the Ex.PW-1/A dated 24.11.2004. 14. At this stage it is to be seen that C.W.P.No.735 of 2004 must have been filed in the first quarter of 2004 and Ex.PW-1/A is dated 24.11.2004. the year Under the sale deed Ex.PW-1/A only one biswa of land was sold by PW-2 Garja Ram to PW-3 Kuldip, for a consideration of Rs.50,000/-. It is not in dispute that PW-2 Garja Ram is also a claimant in the land acquisition proceedings in the impugned judgment. When the total land admeasuring 18-15 bighas of land was the Reference Court and the acquired, High Court committed error in accepting document in Ex.PW-1/A, as a comparable sale for the purpose of fixing the market value of the acquired land at the rate of Rs.7.00 lakhs other documentary evidence per As no available on record and further in view of the allegation of the appellants that the sale deed Ex.'RA' dated 04.05.2001 under which 4-51 bighas of land in adjoining village was sold in the year 2001, is not considered without assigning valid reasons, we are of the view that these appeals filed by the State are allowed by remitting the matter for fresh consideration by the Reference/District Court. As much as PW-2 is the vendor under Ex.PW-1/A, who is no other than one of the claimants in the land acquisition proceedings, such sale could not have been considered as a comparable sale for the purpose of fixing the market value of large extent of land i.e. 18-15 bighas. are of the view that the Reference Court committed error in relying on such document for fixing the compensation at the rate of Rs.7.00 lakhs If no other comparable sales are available in the same village it is always open to the Reference Court to consider sales in the adjoining villages during the relevant period. Even otherwise there are other methods for fixing the compensation. erroneous fixation of market value at the rate of Rs.7.00 lakhs per bigha as fixed by the Reference Court, ought not to have been approved by the High Court. As such we are of the view that the appeals filed by the State deserve to be allowed, by remitting the Reference the Court for fresh cases to adjudication.

15. Accordingly, for the aforesaid reasons all appeals filed by the State are allowed by setting aside the common judgment dated 31.07.2017 in R.F.A. No. 202 of 2011 and batch. Consequently the Award of Reference Court fixing the compensation for acquired land at the rate of Rs.7.00 lakhs per bigha, also stands set aside and matters are remitted back for fresh consideration the District by Court considering the references in accordance with law and to pass fresh Award. As much as the Notification under Section 4(1) of the Act was issued on 30.7.2005, we direct the Reference Court to dispose of references within a period of six months from date of this judgment. We permit both the sides to adduce further documentary and oral evidence, in support of their case. As the appeals filed by the State are allowed by this Court, the additional interest awarded at the rate of 15% per annum from the date of Notification is also set aside. It is open to the Reference Court consider the claim of the claimants for award of the additional interest from the date of taking possession to the date of issuance of Section 4(1) Notification in accordance with law. We do not wish to express any opinion on such claim, such claim is to be considered independently in accordance with law.

16. As much as the appeals filed by the State are allowed, the batch of civil appeals filed by the respondents-claimants are dismissed with no order as to costs. It is made clear that the compensation which is already paid to the claimants, will be subject to further orders to be passed by the Reference Court.

Manohar	Sapre]

.....J [R. Subhash Reddy]

New Delhi, August 14, 2019.