

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF KERALA AT ERNAKULAM**

**PRESENT :**

**THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE V.RAMKUMAR**

**THURSDAY, THE 9TH DECEMBER 2010 / 18TH AGRAHAYANA 1932**

**Crl.Rev.Pet.No. 2969 of 2010()**

**-----  
CRA.90/2009 OF ADDITIONAL DISTRICT & SESSIONS (ADHOC) FAST TRACK COURT II,  
PATHANAMTHITTA  
ST.1916/2007 of JUDL. FIRST CLASS MAGISTRATE COURT-I, PATHANAMTHITTA  
-----**

**REVISION PETITIONER / APPELLANT / ACCUSED:**

**SREEJA K.V., AGED 40,  
W/O.VIJAYADAS, MUDAPLANKAL HOUSE,  
VALLAMKULAM.P.O., THIRUVALLA TALUK.**

**BY ADVS. SRI.P.HARIDAS  
SMT. SIKKY RAVISHANKAR**

**RESPONDENT / STATE & COMPLAINANT:**

**1. STATE OF KERALA,  
REPRESENTED BY THE PUBLIC PROSECUTOR,  
HIGH COURT OF KERALA, ERNAKULAM.**

**2. THULASEEDHARAN NAIR,  
PANCHICHERIL HOUSE, PULLAD, KOIPURAM, PATHANAMTHITTA,  
PIN – 696595.**

**R1 BY PUBLIC PROSECUTOR SRI. SABU SREEDHARAN  
R2 BY ADVS. SRI. K.SHAJ  
SRI.K.N.RADHAKRISHNAN(THIRUVALLA)  
SRI.SAJJU.S**

**THIS CRIMINAL REVISION PETITION HAVING COME UP FOR ADMISSION  
ON 09/12/2010, THE COURT ON THE SAME DAY PASSED THE  
FOLLOWING:**

**Mn**

V.RAMKUMAR, J.

.....  
Crl.R.P. No. 2969 of 2010  
.....

Dated this the 9<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2010.

O R D E R

In this Revision Petition filed under Section 397 read with Sec. 401 Cr.P.C. the petitioner who was the accused in S.T. No. 1916 of 2007 on the file of the Judicial First Class Magistrate-I, Pathanamthitta challenges the conviction entered and the sentence passed against her for an offence punishable under Sec. 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act'). The cheque amount was ₹2,50,000/-. The fine/compensation ordered by the lower appellate court is ₹2,50,000/-.

2. I heard the learned counsel for the Revision Petitioner and the learned Public Prosecutor.

3. The learned counsel appearing for the Revision Petitioner re-iterated the contentions in support of the Revision.

4. The courts below have concurrently held that the cheque in question was drawn by the petitioner in favour of the complainant, that the complainant had validly complied with clauses (a) and (b) of the proviso to Section 138 of the Act, and that the Revision Petitioner/accused failed to make the payment

within 15 days of receipt of the statutory notice. Both the courts have considered and rejected the defence set up by the revision petitioner while entering the conviction. The said conviction has been recorded after a careful evaluation of the oral and documentary evidence. This Court sitting in the rarefied revisional jurisdiction will be loath to interfere with the findings of fact recorded by the Courts below concurrently. I do not find any error, illegality or impropriety in the conviction so recorded concurrently by the courts below and the same is hereby confirmed.

5. What now survives for consideration is the legality of the sentence imposed on the revision petitioner. No doubt, now after the decision of the Apex Court in Vijayan v. Sadanandan K. and Another (2009) 6 SCC 652 it is permissible for the Court to slap a default sentence of imprisonment while awarding compensation under Sec. 357 (3) Cr.P.C. But, in that event, a sentence of imprisonment will be inevitable. I am, however, of the view that in the facts and circumstances of this case a sentence of fine with an appropriate default sentence will suffice. Accordingly, for the conviction under Section 138 of the Act the revision petitioner is sentenced to pay a fine of ₹ 2,55,000/- (**Rupees two lakhs and fifty five thousand only**). The said fine shall be paid as compensation under Section 357 (1) Cr.P.C. The revision petitioner is permitted either to deposit the

said fine amount before the Court below or directly pay the compensation to the complainant within **six** months from today and produce a memo to that effect before the trial Court in case of direct payment. If she fails to deposit or pay the said amount within the aforementioned period she shall suffer simple imprisonment for three months by way of default sentence. Money, if any, paid by the petitioner to the complainant shall be given credit to while enforcing the above payment.

In the result, this Revision is disposed of confirming the conviction entered but modifying the sentence imposed on the revision petitioner.

Dated this the 9<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2010.

**V. RAMKUMAR, JUDGE.**

rv